

NURTURING TODAY'S YOUNG PEOPLE, INSPIRING TOMORROW'S LEADERS

Computing Progression Map

1	-			
			5	
	1.			
	5	1	.	

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Star I	Long Term Planning: Half 1	<u>Fermly Units</u>		
Unit Focus	Technology around Us [DL]	Using the Internet (Tw)	Desktop Publishing [IT]	Photo Editing [IT]	Creating and Presenting [IT] (e.g. Animotica)	Spreadsheets [IT]
Online safety Focus	Health, Wellbeing and Lifestyle What can we do if we see something online we don't like?	SMART rules What rules should we follow to keep safe online?	SMART rules How can we keep ourselves safe online?	SMART rules Who can we talk to if we are worried?	SMART rules How can we use the SMART rules to help people with online safety problems?	SMART rules – CEOP website What advice can we give to help others online?
Uni Focus	Digital Painting [IT]	Digital Music [IT]	Connecting computers [DL]	Statistics [IT]	3D Modelling [IT]	Presenting [IT]
Online safety Focus	Online Bullying How can we be safe and respectful online?	Online Bullying How should we respond to someone being unkind online?	Self-image and Identity How do people represent themselves online?	Self-image and Identity How can people change their identity online?	Self-image and Identity How easy is it to change information online?	Self-image and Identity What is gender stereotyping and where is it found?
Unit Focus	Grouping Data [IT]	Pictograms [IT]	Online Polling [IT] (e.g. Poll Maker)	Word Processing [IT/DL] (e.g Word)	Systems and Searching [DL]	Publishing/Word Processing [IT] (e.g. Publisher/Word)
Online safety Focus	Privacy and Security What is personal information? Copyright and Ownership Is it fair to take someone else's work?	Online Relationships Who is in our online community?	Online Relationships How can we be a good digital citizen?	Online Relationships How can we show respect online?	Online Relationships How can people cause harm online?	Online Relationships Online Reputation What can I do to look after my friends online?
Unit Focus	Basic algorithms [CS] (practical)	Basic algorithms [CS] (practical)	Stop frame animation [IT]	The Internet [DL]	Programming – Games [CS]	Sensing Movement [CS]
Online safety Focus	Online Reputation Would we share this information online?	Online Reputation Can people hide their identity online?	Online Reputation How can we communicate kindness online?	Online Reputation How can we keep games fun and friendly?	Online Bullying How can we stop online bullying? Managing Online Information Is everything online true?	Online Bullying How can I collect evidence of online bullying to tell someone?
Unit Focus	Moving a Robot [CS]	Programming Animations [CS]	Programming – Sounds [CS]	Repetition in Shapes [CS]	Selection in Quizzing [CS]	Variables in games [CS]
Online safety Focus	Managing Online information What should we do if we are worried about being online?	Privacy and Security How can we keep our information safe?	Managing Online Information What is the difference between facts, opinions and beliefs?	Health, Well-being and Lifestyle Can technology be negative?	Health, Wellbeing and Lifestyle What is clickbait and how can we avoid it?	Phishing What is phishing and why does it exist?
Unit Focus	Creating Digital Writing [IT]	Computer systems [DL]	Programming – Events and Actions [CS]	Programming – Repetition in Games [CS]	Introduction to Vector Graphics [IT]	Computer Systems and Networks – Communication and Collaboration [DL]
Online safety Focus	Online Relationships What should we do if someone makes us feel sad online?	Copyright and Ownership Can we copy and paste other people's work?	Privacy and Security What makes a strong password?	Privacy and Security Why should we not share private information online?	Copyright and Ownership – What is plagiarism?	Copyright and Ownership What makes a strong password and why is security important?

	Computer Science [CS] – Declarative and Procedural Knowledge							
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Algorithms and Programming	Year 1 Know that algorithms are sequences of instructions. Know how to create a simple unplugged algorithm using everyday language or symbols (e.g. instructions for a Lego model). Know how to create a simple program using algorithms on a digital device, with support (e.g. plan steps to control a Bee Bot). Begin to know how to debug an algorithm (e.g. correct instructions given as an unplugged task or to a BeeBot)					Year 6 Know that algorithms are sequences of instructions or sets of rules. Know that variable commands are instructions for the computer to store information inputted by the user, that are then used by the program. Know that selection can control the flow of a program. Know how to use sequences, selection [e.g. ifthen], variables & repetition [e.g. repeat until] of commands/blocks in on-screen programming. Develop, create, debug &		
		screen program using algorithms (e.g. Scratch Jr).	without user interaction (e.g. create a simple animation in Scratch with a sprite, dialogue and background) Know how to use sequences of commands or blocks in on-screen programming, producing an output on the screen (e.g. a simple animation in Scratch).	of commands or blocks in on- screen programming, inc keyboard inputs & on-screen outputs (e.g. write a game using Scratch with repeated commands) Know how to use a count- controlled loop both in a real life context and on programming software. (e.g. Logo)	screen outputs.	computer control applications (e.g. develop use of Lego WeDo or Micro:bit) using their knowledge of selection, variables and repetition.		

Year 1

outcome of giving a command wlll

Know how to predict what the

<u>Computer S</u>	<u>cience [CS] –</u> Declarative a	and Procedural Knowledge		
Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Know how to give a logical explanation for predicting the behaviour of programs. (e.g. their Scratch Jr animation)	Know how to explain a sequence algorithm in own words. This could be graphical (e.g. explain the reasoning for a Scratch animation). Know how to use logical reasoning to begin to detect errors in their own or others' programs, giving reasons.	Know that networks are physically connected. Know how information is shared. Know what the World Wide Web is and how it is used. Know that not all information on the internet is reliable. Know that when they are detecting errors in programs, they are debugging. Know how to explain an algorithm using sequence and repetition, in their own words (e.g. explain the algorithm for	Know how to explain a rule-based algorithm game in their own words. Know how to use logical reasoning to detect and fix errors in rules- based or sequenced algorithms, giving reasons (e.g. spot and correct errors in the rules of their game).	Know how to give clear & precise logical explanations of algorithms (e.g. explain event- driven algorithms in app). Know how to use logical reasoning to detect and fix errors in rules-based or sequenced algorithms, giving reasons (e.g. spot and correct errors in the rules of their game)
 Know that there are uses of information technology beyond school, including knowing basic computer systems and networks.	Know what input, output and process mean. Identify input and output devices.	their Scratch game). Know how to use logical reasoning to detect and fix errors in their own or others' programs, giving reasons, including testing the program to ensure they are fixed.	Know that computer systems are complex and how they are connected. Know the roles of computer	Know the main parts of a data packet and what they are used for. Know a variety of ways that data

Logical Reasoning	outcome of giving a command will be. (e.g. to a BeeBot) Know how to predict the outcome of a simple sequence (e.g. a BeeBot sequence using forwards and backwards). Know how to predict the outcome of a sequence with up to four commands.	explanation for predicting the behaviour of programs. (e.g. their Scratch Jr animation)	algorithm in own words. This could be graphical (e.g. explain the reasoning for a Scratch animation). Know how to use logical reasoning to begin to detect errors in their own or others' programs, giving reasons.	 physically connected. Know how information is shared. Know what the World Wide Web is and how it is used. Know that not all information on the internet is reliable. Know that when they are detecting errors in programs, they are debugging. Know how to explain an algorithm using sequence and repetition, in their own words (e.g. explain the algorithm for their Scratch game). Know how to use logical reasoning to detect and fix errors in their own or others' programs, giving reasons, including testing the program to ensure they are fixed. 	Algorithm game in their own words. Know how to use logical reasoning to detect and fix errors in rules- based or sequenced algorithms, giving reasons (e.g. spot and correct errors in the rules of their game).	logical explanations of algorithms (e.g. explain event- driven algorithms in app). Know how to use logical reasoning to detect and fix errors in rules-based or sequenced algorithms, giving reasons (e.g. spot and correct errors in the rules of their game).
Networks	Know that there are common uses of information technology beyond school.	Know that there are uses of information technology beyond school, including knowing basic computer systems and networks.	Know what input, output and process mean. Identify input and output devices. Know what a network is. Know that information is shared on a network. Know that devices are connected to a computer. Know what a switch, server and wireless network point are.		Know that computer systems are complex and how they are connected. Know the roles of computer systems in our wider lives. Know how data is transferred across the internet.	Know the main parts of a data packet and what they are used for. Know a variety of ways that data can be shared across the internet.

		Informat	tion Technology [IT] - De	eclarative and Procedural Ki	nowledge	
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Know the main parts of a	Know how to add text or images	Know some basic editing	Know some basic commands in	Know how to use a digital device	Know a variety of commands,
	computer/laptop.	on a software package such as	commands in a desktop	presentation software. (e.g. PPT)	to create a video.	including hyperlinks, in
		Teams or Padlet.	publishing program (e.g. Word,			presentation software. (e.g.
	Know to click and drag using a		Publisher)	Know how to create a linear	Know some basic video editing	Powerpoint)
	mouse.	Know how to leave a comment		presentation using presentation	commands on video editing	
		on a software package such as	Know the difference between	software. (e.g. Powerpoint)	software. (e.g. cropping, adding	Know how to create a non-linear
	Know the software commands	Teams or Padlet.	text and images and what they	Keens the second data call serve	text, etc)	presentation (e.g. hyperlinked
	'open' and 'save' and that they are used to store and retrieve work.	Know how to place notes, change	are used for.	Know the words data, cell, rows and columns and where these can	Know how to edit and combine	quiz) using presentation software.
	used to store and retrieve work.	their pitch and delete notes on	Know some page settings in a	be found on a spreadsheet	videos on video editing software.	Know some formatting tools on
	Know how to store and retrieve	Song Maker (Chrome Lab)	desktop publishing program	program. (e.g. Microsoft Excel)		spreadsheet software. (e.g. Excel)
	work.	5 ()	(e.g. Word, Publisher)		Know some basic editing	
		Know how to test music on Song		Know some basic formatting	commands on a 3D modelling	Know how to format a spreadsheet
	Recognise keys on a keyboard	Maker (Chrome Lab)	Know how to use basic editing	commands on a spreadsheet	program (e.g. Tinkercad,	effectively on spreadsheet
	(including arrow keys, space,		commands in a desktop	program. (eg Microsoft Excel)	Sketchup)	software. (e.g. Excel)
	backspace and shift)	Know how to enter data into a	publishing program.	Know how to format	Know how to create a 3D model	
	Begin to recognise some	computer for a pictogram.	Know how to change some page	spreadsheets	using computer software. (e.g.	Know how to collect, organise and present data in different ways
	formatting tools (bold, underline)	Know what data is.	settings in a desktop publishing	spreadsheets	Tinkercard, Sketchup)	using spreadsheets. (e.g. Excel)
			program.	Know how to input basic number		
	Begin to know how to select text.	Know what a label is.		operations to work out	Know what a vector drawing is.	Know what a formula is and some
			Know what a poll is and how	calculations on a spreadsheets.		examples.
	Know how to type capital letters	Know how to create labels on j2e	questions can be asked on a		Know how to draw and edit a	
	using a keyboard.	Pictogram.	poll.	Know that data can be presented	vector drawing using computer	Know how to use formulae in
Using and	Recognise shape, line, fill and	Know how to increase/decrease	Know how to create a poll in	in different ways on spreadsheets	software. (such as Vectr)	spreadsheet software.
Creating	brush tools on a paint program.	the number of images on j2e	Poll Maker, including how to	Know how to insert and format	Use and combine a variety of	Know what conditional formatting
	brush tools on a paint program.	Pictogram.	add images.	an image on a word processing	software on multiple devices.	is.
	Know how to use the shape, line,			program. (e.g. Microsoft Word)		
	fill and brush tools on a paint	Know the software commands	Know how to access poll results		Design and create programs on a	Know how to use conditional
	program and how to change the	'open' and 'save' and know that	on Poll Maker.	Know more complex formatting	computer in response to a given	formatting.
	shape of these.	naming files appropriately is		commands on a word processing	goal (e.g. design and write a	
		important for retrieving work.	Know some of the commands in	program. (e.g. Microsoft Word)	simple computer program in a	Know the range of formatting tools
	Know what a label is and how it is	Know some basic editing	a video editing program. (e.g. Windows Movie Maker, Filmora	Know how to edit & improve the	block-based language such as Scratch).	available in desktop publishing software. (e.g. Publisher/Word)
	used for data collection.	commands in a word processing	or iMotion)	layout of a document on a word	Scratch).	software. (e.g. Publishel/ word)
		program (e.g. Microsoft Word)		processing program. (e.g. Word)		Know how to edit and improve
	Know how to describe the		Know how to use a device to		Analyse and evaluate	documents created using desktop
	properties of an object for the		take a sequence of images or	Know how to format and check	information from text, audio,	publishing software. (e.g.
	purpose of data collection.		videos for a stop frame	text on a word processing	images or video, including	Publisher/Word)
			animation.	program. (e.g. Microsoft Word)	analysing the quality of	
			Know how to incertimente	Know how to use 9 combine t	information (e.g. evidence of	Know how to use and combine a
			Know how to insert images or videos into video editing	Know how to use & combine a variety of software on a computer	bias or assumptions).	variety of software on multiple devices.
			software (e.g. Windows Movie	(e.g. analyse data in spreadsheet		uevices.
			Maker, Filmora or iMotion).	and present in Powerpoint).		Know how to design and create
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		systems in response to a given
				Know how to design and create		goal, with multiple, interrelated
				content on a computer (e.g. plan,		components (e.g. develop an App,

		Know how to create a stop frame animation using video editing software.	shoot and edit a video, plan and create a presentation) Know how to collect and present information in different ways. (e.g. collecting data for a branching database)		considering input, output and connectivity, the operating system, algorithms, code and user interface Know how to use spreadsheet formulae to calculate & present numerical data (e.g. design a maths quiz in Excel)
Searching	Know how to search for information more safely using 'for kids'. Know where to search for images safely. Know how to click on a weblink.	Know how to search for informati browser-specific tools (e.g. 'find,, 'search', 'autocomplete'). Know that search engines select p keywords found in the content, ar relevance.	'back') & site-specific tools (e.g.	Know how to use search engines effectively. Know that search engine results are ranked and selected.	

	Digital Literacy [DL] - Declarative and Procedural Knowledge							
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Self-image and identity	Know that there may be people online who could make them feel sad, embarrassed or upset. Give examples of when and how to speak to a trusted adult.	Explain and describe how other people's identity online can be different to their identity in real life. Give examples of issues online that might make them feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened; give examples of how they might get help.	Understand 'identity' and explain they can represent themselves online in different ways; explain ways in which and why they might change their identity depending on what they are doing online (e.g. gaming; using an avatar; social media).	Explain how their online identify can be different to the identity they present in 'real life'; knowing this, describe the right decisions about how to interact with others and how others perceive them.	Explain how identity online can be copied, modified or altered.	Describe ways that media can shape ideas about gender. Identify messages about gender roles and make judgements based on them. Describe issues online that might make them or others feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened and give examples of how they might get help, both on and offline. Explain why they should keep asking until they get the help I need.		
Online relationships	Use the internet with adult support to communicate with people they know. Explain why it is important to be considerate and kind to people online.	Use and exemplify ways that the internet can be used to communicate with people they don't know well (e.g. email a penpal in another school/ country).	Explain why they should be careful who they trust online and what information they give, and explain some risks communicating online with others they don't know well. Explain what it means to 'know someone' online and why this might be different from knowing someone in real life. Explain how to be a good digital citizen.	Describe strategies for safe and fun experiences in a range of online social environments. Give examples of how to be respectful to others online.	Explain that there are some people they communicate with online who may want to do them or their friends harm, and recognise that this is not their fault. Make positive contributions and be part of online communities.	Understand their responsibilities for the well-being of others in their online social group. Know how they would support others (including those who are having difficulties) online. Demonstrate ways of reporting problems online for both them and their friends.		
Online reputation	Describe what information they should not put online without asking a trusted adult first.	Explain how information put online can last a long time. Know who to talk to if they think someone has made a mistake about putting something online.	Citizen. Know how to search for information about themselves online. Recognise they need to be careful before putting info about themselves of others online. Know who to ask if they are not sure if they should put something online.	Explain how to keep online games fun and friendly.	Know how to search for information about an individual online and create a summary report of the information I find. Describe ways that information about people online can be used by others to make judgments about an individual.	Explain how they are developing an online reputation which will allow other people to form an opinion of them. Describe some simple ways that help build a positive online reputation.		

0

	Digital Literacy [DL] - Declarative and Procedural Knowledge							
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
	Begin to know how to behave online, in ways that do not upset others.	Give examples of bullying behaviour online, understand how it can make people feel and talk about how someone could	Explain what bullying is and can describe how people may bully others.	Identify some online technologies where bullying might take place and describe ways people can be bullied	Recognise when someone is upset, hurt or angry online. Know how to get help for	Know how to capture bullying content as evidence (e.g. screen- grab, URL, profile) to share with others who can help me.		
Online bullying	Explain what to do if they feel sad or worried about something online.	get help online or offline.	Know how to behave online.	 ways people can be builted through a range of media (e.g. image, video, text, chat). Explain why they need to think carefully about how content they post might affect others, their feelings and how it may affect how others feel about them (their reputation). 	someone that is being bullied online and assess when they need to do or say something or tell someone. Know how to block abusive users Know how to report online bullying on the apps and platforms they use.	Identify a range of ways to report concerns both in school and at home about online bullying.		
					Know how to use the helpline services who can support them and what they would say and do if they needed their help (e.g. Childline).			

	Digital Literacy [DL] - Declarative and Procedural Knowledge						
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Health, well- being and lifestyle	Describe and explain rules to keep them safe when using technology both in and beyond the home.	Describe and explain rules to keep them safe when using technology both in and beyond the home, and say how these rules guide them	Describe and explain rules to keep them safe when using technology both in and beyond the home, and say what advice they could give to others to stay safe online.	Explain how using technology can distract from other things that should or need to be done. Identify times and situations when technology use may need to be limited, and suggest strategies for doing this.	Describe ways technology can affect healthy sleep and describe advice to promote healthy sleep accordingly.	Describe common systems that regulate age-related content (e.g. PEGI, BBFC, parental warnings) and describe their purpose. Explain the importance of self- regulating use of technology and demonstrate strategies do this (e.g. monitoring time online, avoiding accidents).	
						Know how to assess and action different strategies to limit the impact of technology on health (e.g. nightshift mode, regular breaks, correct posture, sleep, diet)	
Privacy and security	Recognise examples of personal information (e.g. name, date of birth, family's names, school). Explain why they should always ask a trusted adult before sharing any personal information online.	Describe how online personal information could be seen by others. Describe and explain some rules for keeping information private. Explain what passwords are and use passwords for accounts and devices.	Explain how to create a strong password and how to keep this safe.	Explain that others online can pretend to be them or other people, including friends, and suggest reasons why they might do this. Explain how we keep our personal information safe.	Know how to create, use and secure passwords. Explain how many free apps or services may read and share private information (e.g. friends, contacts, likes, images, videos, voice, messages, geolocation) with others. Explain how and why some apps may request or take payment for additional content (e.g. in-app purchases) and explain why they should seek permission from a trusted adult before purchasing. Explain what clickbait is.	Know how to use different passwords for a range of online services, and describe effective strategies for managing those passwords (e.g. password managers, acronyms, stories). Explain what app permissions are and give some examples from the technology or services they use. Describe simple ways to increase privacy on apps and services that provide privacy settings. Describe ways in which some online content targets people to gain money or information illegally and describe strategies to help identify such content (e.g. scams, phishing).	
Copyright and ownership	Explain why work they create belongs to them and save it so that others know it belongs to them.	Describe why other's work belongs to them, and recognise that content on the internet may belong to other people.	Explain why copying someone else's work from the internet without permission can cause problems, and give examples of these problems.	Explain why they need to consider who owns content that is searched for, whether they have the right to use it, and give examples.	Know when it's acceptable to use the work of others, and give examples of content where it is permitted to be re-used. Explain what plagiarism is.	Know how to use search tools to find and access online content which can be reused by others, and demonstrate how to make references to and acknowledge sources they have used from the internet.	
Communication and Collaboration	Know how to work collaboratively to create a set of instructions linked to algorithms.	Know how to work collaboratively on a class blog page, such as using a Teams channel or Padlet.		Know how to work collaboratively with classmates on a shared project such as a class Wiki.	Know how to work collaboratively with classmates on a class website or blog.	Know how to use online tools to plan and carry out a collaborative project (e.g. presentation, website design).	